

Due Wednesday, February 2nd (Happy Ground Hog's Day)

0. Please complete Lab 1 that we took data for after class today. It's due on Wednesday, too! On days when you have a lab due, I usually give you a short, one-problem HW just to keep you out of trouble.

Given the continuous state variable model, $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix}x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}w$, $x(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$, and the $y = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}x$

corresponding discrete next-state approximation to this model, $x_{k+1} = \hat{A}x_k + \hat{B}w_k$, x_0
 $y_k = \hat{C}x_k$

with sampling period T_s

- a) Calculate the zero input response for $t=1,2$, and 3 seconds (hint: $x_{\text{zero-input}}(t) = e^{At}x(0)$)
- b) Find values for \hat{A} , \hat{B} , \hat{C} and x_0 if we use the approximation that $\hat{A} = I + TA$ and $T_s = 1$ second and calculate the first three values of the zero-input solution for $k=1,2$, and 3. Compare to your answer to part a)
- c) Repeat part b) using the approximation that, $\hat{A} = e^{AT}$. What conclusions can you make about the two methods of finding a discrete state model from a continuous time state model?
- d) Now that we know how to convert a continuous state model into a discrete state model, we have another way to find a digital filter from an analog model. Given the SCALAR system, $dx/dt=ax+bw$, with output, $y=cx$ and sampling time, T_s . Convert to a discrete state model using the approximation scheme given below. From this next-state equation, find the approximate digital transfer function, $G(z)=Y(z)/W(z)$:
 - i) Convert using the approximation that $\hat{A} = e^{AT}$
 - ii) Convert using the approximation that $\hat{A} = I + TA$

We also know, from Pre-Lab 1, three other ways to find $H(z)$. Starting from the SCALAR system, $dx/dt=ax+bw$, with output, $y=cx$, the continuous transfer function is $H(s)=c(s-a)^{-1}b = cb/(s+a)$. Starting with this $H(s)$, find the digital filter $H(z)$ using:

- iii) The bilinear transformation
 - iv) The correct impulse invariant design method you learned in class today
 - v) The correct step invariant design method you learned in class today
- e) Are any of your answers for $G(z)$ the same? What if $T_s=1$ sec?

*RISHW = reduced instruction set HW